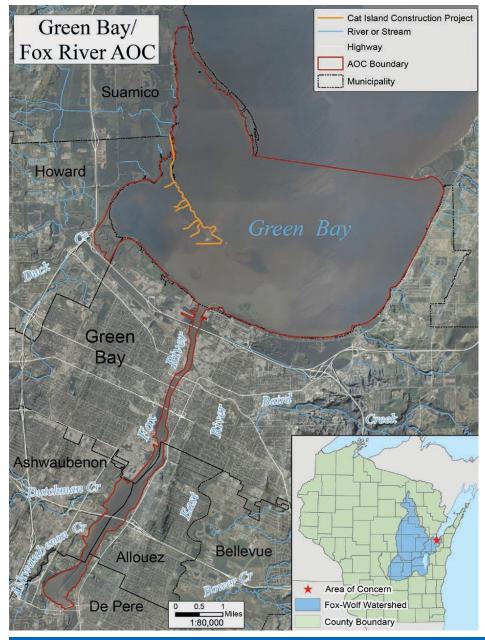
Lower Green Bay and Fox River Area of Concern

Reaching our targets will lead us to our goal of delisting the AOC, which means the ecological benefits of Lower Green Bay and Fox River have been restored to an acceptable level. We will have achieved this when public uses are no longer impaired by legacy contamination and native plants and wildlife are sustainably restored. As toxic sediment is removed and habitat restoration continues, the river is becoming a more and more valuable resource for recreation and the local economy.





The Cat Island chain framework was completed in 2013. Clean dredged material will be beneficially re-used as fill for the next 20-30 years.



Restoration and protection of Northern Pike spawning habitat is a priority along the west shore of southern Green Bay.

To learn more about Lower Green Bay and Fox River AOC projects and progress visit http://dnr.wi.gov, search "Green Bay AOC." For more details, refer to the Area of Concern Remedial Action Plan Updates.

Lower Green Bay Fox River—part of the largest fresh surface water resource in the world—the Great Lakes ecosystem



Wisconsin DNR Office of Great Waters

Brochure developed by the UW-Extension Regional Natural Resources Program and the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources, Office of Great Waters. Graphic design by Jeffrey J. Strobel, UW-Extension Environmental Resources Center.



Lower Green Bay and Fox River Area of Concern



BENEFICIAL USE IMPAIRMENT RESTORATION REPORT

Summer 2017

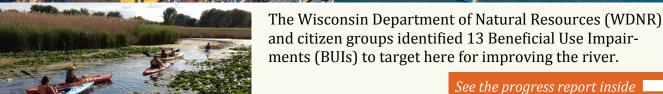
Lower Green Bay and the Fox River

below the De Pere Dam were designated an Area of Concern (AOC) in the 1980s because contaminated river sediment impaired public benefits such as fish consumption, healthy fisheries, shipping channels and wildlife habitat.











Lower Green Bay and Fox River AOC – Restoration Status Update

Summer 2017

Tackling AOC problems. known as Beneficial Use Impairments in the Area of Concern program, requires several steps. We must understand the causes and define the extent of the impairments through monitoring, assessment, and data analysis. We then determine the necessary actions to ad-



Researcher samples for organisms in the riverbed.

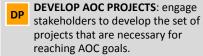
dress the problems, and implement them.

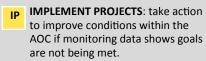
Actions to address AOC problems can be large and complex, requiring the coordinated efforts of many partners over multiple years. Upon completing the necessary actions, we must verify through monitoring that we have achieved our goals for cleanup and restoration. Once the goals have been met and the problems have been addressed, the AOC designation can be removed.

This update shows the current status of the removal process for 13 impairments of the Lower Green Bay and Fox River AOC – complete, underway, or not started – and the next steps. Dates in parentheses indicate the anticipated project completion.

BUI Removal Phases:

MONITOR & ASSESS: define the problem, gather data and review literature, consult with experts.





VERIFY RESULTS: after actions have been taken, monitor to determine if target has been met.

FORMAL BUI REMOVAL: targets have been met. BUI removal documentation is being prepared or reviewed, or has been submitted.

Status of Each Phase: Not Started Underway







There are

concerns

with eating

NEXT STEPS:

fish and wildlife

· Complete removal of

riverbed sediments

containing PCBs which

contaminate fish and

wildlife (2019).

Continue long-term

fish consumption

after).

monitoring to assess

advisories following

PCB cleanup (2019 and

health









(2018).

(2019)

Fish and

wildlife

populations

are degraded

NEXT STEPS:

Complete the assess-

populations (2017).

Identify and prioritize

projects, with consider-

ation for challenges of

species success in an

urban environment

Complete cleanup of

taining harmful PCBs

riverbed sediments con-

VR

ment of fish and wildlife

There are increased rates of fish tumors and deformities

NEXT STEPS:

- Remove primary source of tumor-causing contaminants by completing cleanup of former gas plant site (2018).
- Conduct fish tumor assessment following cleanup projects (2019 and after).



There is increased potential for bird and animal deformities and reproductive problems

NEXT STEPS:

- Complete cleanup of riverbed sediments containing PCBs, which are known to cause deformities and reproduction problems (2019).
- Evaluate results of USGS tree swallow and USFWS bald eagle studies to determine extent of impairment.



Communities of sedimentdwelling organisms are degraded

NEXT STEPS:

- Complete cleanup of polluted riverbed sediments (through 2019).
- Evaluate results of USGS study of sedimentdwelling organisms to determine the health of the benthic community.
- Identify next steps.



Fish do not taste good



NEXT STEPS:

- Compile available information from angler surveys, wastewater permits, and historical documents and develop a BUI removal document.
- · Obtain public input on removing this BUI.



Waterbody is not recommended as a drinking water source

NEXT STEPS:

- · Complete the study of cyanobacteria (bluegreen algae) and cyanotoxins caused by bluegreen algae blooms to determine if waters in the lower Bay are meeting standards for drinking water (2019).
- · Identify next steps.



Dredging activities for com-

merce or navigation are restricted

NEXT STEPS:

- · Complete cleanup of sediment polluted with polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs) and heavy metals at former gas plant site (2018).
- Complete cleanup of riverbed sediments containing PCBs in the Lower Fox River and river mouth to Green Bay (through 2019).



Excessive nutrients cause undesirable algae

NEXT STEPS:

- Identify the necessary management actions to address eutrophication for the AOC (2018).
- Complete the assessment of cyanobacteria and cvanotoxins from blue-green algae in the AOC (2019).



Water contact through beach use or other recreation is limited

NEXT STEPS:

- Continue to assess recreational use risk in the AOC (2019)
- Complete the assessment of cyanobacteria and cyanotoxins from blue-green algae in the AOC (2019).
- Develop a strategy for continuous monitoring of harmful algal blooms in the lower Bay (2019).



Appearance of river and waterfront needs improvement

 Continue aesthetics monitoring volunteer data collection.

NEXT STEPS:

 Determine necessary management actions based on monitoring results.



Communities of small organisms living in the water are degraded

NEXT STEPS:

- Evaluate results of USGS plankton study to determine health of the community of small organisms in the AOC.
 - Identify the necessary management actions to address AOC-related nutrient and sediment impacts to plankton health.



Loss of fish and wildlife habitat

NEXT STEPS:

- Complete the assessment of fish and wildlife habitat restoration project opportunities (2017).
- Select management actions in collaboration with technical team.
- Implement selected habitat projects.









Monitor and Assess (MA) Develop AOC Projects (DP) Implement Projects (IP)

Verify Results (VR)

Formal BUI Removal (RM)



